
Receiving Quartered Pots in Two Low Hands or Two High

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Example 1 winning poker strategy

Player A has the top high and the similar low as player B. As such, Player B will get one quarter of the pot and player A will gather three quarters.

Example 2 winning poker strategy

Player A has the top high hand but no low and player B and C have the similar low. Player A gets one half of the pot and player B and C divides the residual half. Player B and C received quartered.

The poorer probable low is 8-7-6-5-4 (an Eight high straight). Hence, in arrange for there to be a probable low on the board, there should be at slightest three cards Eight or lower on the board.

Examples to decide on winning poker strategy

An 8-4-3-2-A low is poorer than a 7-6-5-4-3 low.

A 7-4-3-2-A low is poorer than a 6-5-4-3-2 low.

An 8-7-3-2-A low is poorer than an 8-6-5-4-3 low.

A 7-6-3-2-A low is poorer than a 7-5-4-3-2 low.

An 8-6-5-4-3 low is poorer than an 8-6-5-4-2 low, which is worse than an 8-6-5-4-A low.